

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
DALLAS DIVISION**

## **COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES**

Plaintiff David J. Beyda (“Plaintiff”), alleges on information and belief against DEPUY ORTHOPAEDICS, INC., JOHNSON & JOHNSON SERVICES, INC., and DOES 1-10, INCLUSIVE, (“Defendants”), the following:

L.

## INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF ACTION

1. Defendants manufactured the Pinnacle Acetabular Cup System (“Pinnacle Device”), and launched it in 2001. The Pinnacle Device was designed, developed, and sold for human hip joints damaged or diseased due to fracture, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, and avascular necrosis. The Pinnacle Device is designed to be fastened to human bone with surgical screws. The Pinnacle Device was designed and sold to provide pain relief and consistent and smooth range of motion. Defendants marketed the Pinnacle Device as having significant advantages over other hip devices and hip replacement systems. Defendants marketed and

1 described the Pinnacle Device as “[u]niquely designed to meet the demands of active patients  
2 like you –and help reduce pain” and advertised it with pictures of a young woman trying on  
3 sneakers in an athletic shoe store. Defendants advertised the Pinnacle Device as a superior  
4 device featuring TrueGlide technology, allowing the body to create a thin film of lubrication  
5 between surfaces, which enables “a more fluid range of natural motion.”

6       2. Defendants also advertised and sold the Pinnacle Device as the best surgical  
7 option that “[r]ecreates the natural ball-and-socket joint of your hip, increasing stability and  
8 range of motion.”

9       3. On information and belief Plaintiff alleges that Defendants sold approximately  
10 150,000 Pinnacle Devices. Defendants have stated in promotional materials that “99.9% of  
11 Pinnacle Hip components are still in use today.”

12       4. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that over 1,300 adverse reports have  
13 been submitted to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regarding failures or  
14 complications of the Pinnacle Device.

15       5. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants are aware that the use  
16 of the Pinnacle Device may result in metallosis, biologic toxicity, and a high failure rate.  
17 Plaintiff further alleges that use of the Pinnacle Device results in unsafe release of toxic metal  
18 ions into hip implant recipients’ tissue and bloodstream. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendants  
19 are aware that metal particles from the Pinnacle Device results in metallosis, tissue death, bone  
20 erosion, and development of tumors.

21       6. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that particulate debris from the  
22 Pinnacle Device causes severe inflammation, severe pain, tissue and bone loss, and other related  
23 diseases.

24       7. Plaintiff further alleges that Defendants are aware that certain Pinnacle Device  
25 recipients have elevated cobalt and chromium levels greatly exceeding acceptable safety  
26 standards.

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II.

## PARTIES

8. Plaintiff David J. Beyda is, and at all times relevant to this Complaint was, a resident of the city of Brooklyn, in the state of NY. On or about 4/12/2012, Plaintiff underwent a right total hip arthroplasty procedure.

9. Defendant DEPUY ORTHOPAEDICS, INC. is, and at all times relevant to this Complaint was, an Indiana Corporation with its principal place of business at 700 Orthopaedic Drive, Warsaw, Indiana 46581. Defendant DEPUY ORTHOPAEDICS, INC. is and was at all times relevant herein doing business in and/or having directed its activities at Texas, and specifically this judicial district.

10. Defendant JOHNSON & JOHNSON SERVICES, INC. is, and at all times relevant to this Complaint was, a New Jersey Corporation with its principal place of business at One Johnson & Johnson Plaza, New Brunswick, New Jersey 08933. Defendant JOHNSON & JOHNSON SERVICES, INC. is and was at all times relevant herein doing business in and/or having directed its activities at Texas, and specifically this judicial district.

11. Plaintiff is unaware of the true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of defendants DOES 1-10, inclusive, or any of them, and therefore sues these Defendants, and each of them, by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will seek leave of this Court to amend this complaint when the status and identities of these Defendants are ascertained.

12. At all times relevant herein, Defendants were the agents of each other, and in doing the things alleged herein, each defendant was acting within the course and scope of its agency and was subject to and under the supervision of its co-defendants.

III

## JURISDICTION AND VENUE

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13. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over the parties pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(a) because Plaintiff and Defendants are citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs.

14. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) and (c).

IV.

## **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

## A. **The Pinnacle Device With An “Ultamet” Liner**

15. The Pinnacle Device was developed for the purpose of reconstructing diseased human hip joints from conditions such as osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, avascular necrosis (AVN), fracture, and other degenerative conditions. The hip joint connects the thigh (femur) bone of a patient's leg to the patient's pelvis. The hip joint is like a ball that fits in a socket. The socket portion of the hip is called the acetabulum. The femoral head at the top of the femur bone rotates within the curved surface of the acetabulum.

16. The Pinnacle Device is made up of four components: the metal femoral stem (most often made of a cobalt-chromium alloy) is inserted inside the femur bone, the metal femoral head (or ball) connects to the top of the stem and then makes contact with a liner that is attached to the interior portion of the metal acetabulum cup (socket). The acetabulum cup is comprised of metal. Either a plastic, ceramic, or cobalt-chromium metal liner is then placed on the inside of the acetabulum cup. The metal femoral head rotates within the plastic, ceramic, or metal liner, depending on which liner the surgeon selects based on the patient's needs. The cobalt-chromium metal liner is branded by Defendants as the "Ultamet." The Pinnacle Device with an Ultamet liner is a "metal-on-metal" device due to the fact that both articulating surfaces – the femoral head (ball) and acetabulum liner (socket) – are comprised of cobalt-chromium metal.

**B. Defendants Did Not Seek Premarket Approval From The FDA, And Thus The FDA Makes No Finding That The Pinnacle Device Is Safe Or Effective**

1       17. The Pinnacle Device is a Class III medical device. Class III devices are those  
2 that operate to sustain human life, are of substantial importance in preventing impairment of  
3 human health, or pose potentially unreasonable risks to patients.

4       18. The Medical Device Amendments to the Food, Drug, and Cosmetics Act of 1938  
5 (“MDA”), in theory, require Class III medical devices, including the Pinnacle Device, to  
6 undergo premarket approval by the FDA, a process which obligates the manufacturer to design  
7 and implement a clinical investigation and to submit the results of that investigation to the FDA.

8       19. Premarket approval is a rigorous process that requires a manufacturer to submit  
9 what is typically a multivolume application that includes, among other things, full reports of all  
10 studies and investigations of the device’s safety and effectiveness that have been published or  
11 should reasonably be known to the applicant; a full statement of the device’s components,  
12 ingredients, and properties and of the principle or principles of operation; a full description of  
13 the methods used in, and the facilities and controls used for, the manufacture, processing, and,  
14 when relevant, packing and installation of, such device; samples or device components required  
15 by the FDA; and a specimen of the proposed labeling.

16       20. The FDA may grant premarket approval only if it finds that there is reasonable  
17 assurance that the medical device is safe and effective and must weigh any probable benefit to  
18 health from the use of the device against any probable risk of injury or illness from such use.

19       21. A medical device on the market prior to the effective date of the MDA – a so-  
20 called “grandfathered” device – was not required to undergo premarket approval. In addition, a  
21 medical device marketed after the MDA’s effective date may bypass the rigorous premarket  
22 approval process if the device is “substantially equivalent” to a “grandfathered” pre-MDA  
23 device (i.e., a device approved prior to May 28, 1976). This exception to premarket approval is  
24 known as the “510(k)” process and simply requires the manufacturer to notify the FDA under  
25 section 510(k) of the MDA of its intent to market a device at least 90 days prior to the device’s  
26 introduction on the market, and to explain the device’s substantial equivalence to a pre-MDA  
27 predicate device. The FDA may then approve the new device for sale in the United States.

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1       22. Rather than being approved for use by the FDA pursuant to the rigorous  
2 premarket approval process, the Pinnacle Device metal-on-metal total hip replacement system  
3 was certified to be sold on the basis of Defendants' claim that, under section 510(k) of the  
4 MDA, it was "substantially equivalent" to another older metal-on-metal hip implant device that  
5 Defendants sold and implanted prior to the enactment of the MDA in 1976.

6       23. As such, under the 510(k) process, Defendants were able to market the Pinnacle  
7 Device with virtually no clinical or non-clinical trials or FDA review of the implant for safety  
8 and effectiveness.

9       **C. Defendants Took No Steps To Test The Pinnacle Device Or They Would**  
10       **Have Discovered That It Leads To Metallosis And Other Complications**  
11       **Before Releasing It On The Market**

12       24. Had Defendants conducted clinical trials of the Pinnacle Device before it was  
13 first released on the market in the early 2000's, they would have discovered at that time what  
14 they ultimately learned in and around 2007 – that the Pinnacle Device results in a high  
15 percentage of patients developing metallosis, biologic toxicity and an early and high failure rate  
16 due to the release of metal particles in the patient's surrounding tissue when the cobalt-  
17 chromium metal formal head rotates within the cobalt-chromium metal acetabular liner.

18       25. In other words, implantation of the Pinnacle Device results in the nearly  
19 immediate systemic release of high levels of toxic metal cobalt-chromium ions into every hip  
20 implant patient's tissue and bloodstream. This is because cobalt-chromium metal particles are  
21 released by friction from the metal femoral head rotating within the metal liner. The particles  
22 than accumulate in the patient's tissue surrounding the implant giving rise to metallosis,  
23 pseudotumors, or other conditions.

24       26. The formation of metallosis, pseudotumors, and infection and inflammation  
25 causes severe pain and discomfort, death of surrounding tissue and bone loss, and a lack of  
26 mobility.

27       27. The problems with the Pinnacle Device are similar to the issues that gave rise to  
28 Defendants' recall of the ASR XL Acetabular System and ASR Hip Resurfacing System. Like

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1 the Pinnacle Device, the ASR is also prone to early failure, and causes metallosis and cobalt  
2 toxicity resulting in serious health problems and the need for subsequent revision surgery. As a  
3 result, in August 2010, Defendants, in acknowledging the high failure rate of the ASR, recalled  
4 more than 93,000 ASRs worldwide. It is anticipated that Defendants will at some point recall  
5 Pinnacle Devices for the same reasons.

6 28. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that the FDA has received more than  
7 1,300 adverse reports regarding problems associated with or attributed to the Pinnacle Device.

8 29. On information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that many recipients of the Pinnacle  
9 Device are suffering from elevated levels of chromium and cobalt. Plaintiff further alleges on  
10 information and belief that Defendants are aware that certain recipients of the Pinnacle Device  
11 have significantly elevated levels of chromium and cobalt in amounts many times higher than  
12 acceptable or recommended safety levels. Notably, the ASR and the Pinnacle Device were  
13 designed by the same orthopaedic surgeon, Dr. Thomas Schmalzried.

14 30. A number of governmental regulatory agencies have recognized the problems  
15 that are caused by metal-on-metal implants such as the ASR and Pinnacle Device. For instance,  
16 The Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency (“MHRA”) in Britain investigated  
17 Defendants’ metal-on-metal total hip replacement system after receiving widespread reports of  
18 soft tissue reactions and tumor growth in thousands of patients who had received these implants.  
19 MHRA has required physicians to establish a system to closely monitor patients known to have  
20 metal-on-metal hips by monitoring the cobalt and chromium ion levels in their blood and to  
21 evaluate them for related soft tissue reactions.

22 31. Similarly, the Alaska Department of Health recently issued a bulletin warning of  
23 the toxicity of Defendants’ metal-on-metal total hip replacement systems. The State of Alaska,  
24 like the MHRA, identified the need for close medical monitoring, surveillance and treatment of  
25 all patients who had received these and similar metal-on-metal implants.

26 32. Despite the public knowledge to the contrary, Defendants’ continue to  
27 misrepresent the Pinnacle Device as a high-quality, safe and effective hip replacement product  
28

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1 in their marketing and promotional materials. This is despite the fact that Defendants have  
2 known for years that the Pinnacle Device poses a danger to patients that have it implanted.

3       33. As a result, Defendants continue to sell the Pinnacle Device to doctors who  
4 implant them in countless numbers of patients with an unreasonably high percentage of those  
5 patients being forced to endure serious injury from metallosis, pseudotumors, and biologic  
6 toxicity, among other complications. These patients are reporting severe pain and discomfort  
7 and the need for one or more complicated revision surgeries resulting in life-long health  
8 problems caused by the defective device.

9           **D. Plaintiff Was Implanted With A Pinnacle Device And As A Result Has**  
10           **Suffered Severe Injuries**

11       34. On or about 4/12/2012, Plaintiff underwent a right total hip arthroplasty  
12 procedure. A Pinnacle Device with an Ultamet liner was implanted in place of his right hip.

13       35. After the surgery, friction and wear between the cobalt-chromium metal head  
14 and cobalt-chromium metal liner caused large amounts of toxic cobalt-chromium metal ions and  
15 particles to be released into Plaintiff's blood and tissue and bone surrounding the implant. As a  
16 result, Plaintiff has been experiencing severe pain and discomfort and inflammation in his right  
17 thigh and groin. Plaintiff also experiences a popping and snapping sensation in his hip-joint  
18 when walking or moving to and from a sitting position.

19       36. Due to Plaintiff's chronic pain and discomfort and other symptoms, Plaintiff will  
20 likely need to undergo revision surgery to replace the implant.

21       37. All of the injuries and complications suffered by Plaintiff were caused by the  
22 defective design, warnings, construction and unreasonably dangerous character of the Pinnacle  
23 Device that was implanted in Plaintiff. Had Defendants not concealed the known defects, the  
24 early failure rate, the known complications and the unreasonable risks associated with the use of  
25 the Pinnacle Device, Plaintiff would not have consented to the Pinnacle Device being used in  
26 his total hip arthroplasty.

27       38. Plaintiff was unaware of any causal link between the injuries he has suffered and  
28 any wrongdoing on the part of Defendants due to the faulty and defective nature of the Pinnacle

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1 Device, due in part to the failures of Defendants to properly warn Plaintiff and his physicians  
2 about the Pinnacle Device's defective and faulty nature. In and around late fall, 2010, Plaintiff  
3 first became aware of said causal link when he became aware of the recall of the ASR by  
4 watching the nightly news on television and realized that the issues he had had with his Pinnacle  
5 Device were eerily similar to that which was being reported regarding the ASR. Plaintiff was  
6 unable to make an earlier discovery of said causal link despite reasonable diligence because of  
7 Defendants' failure to properly warn Plaintiff and his physicians about the Pinnacle Device's  
8 defective and faulty nature, and their failure to issue any recall or take any other proactive  
9 action to date with respect to the injuries being caused to patients that have been implanted with  
10 a Pinnacle Device.

11

12 **CAUSES OF ACTION**

13 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

14 **NEGLIGENCE**

15 **(Against All Defendants)**

16 39. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every  
17 allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and further allege as follows:

18 40. Defendants had a duty to exercise reasonable care in the designing, researching,  
19 manufacturing, marketing, supplying, promoting, sale, testing, quality assurance, quality  
20 control, and/or distribution of the Pinnacle Device into the stream of commerce, including a  
21 duty to assure that the device would not cause those who had it surgically implanted to suffer  
22 adverse harmful effects from it.

23 41. Defendants failed to exercise reasonable care in the designing, researching,  
24 manufacturing, marketing, supplying, promoting, sale, testing, quality assurance, quality  
25 control, and/or distribution of the Pinnacle Device into interstate commerce in that Defendants  
26 knew or should have known that those individuals that had the device surgically implanted were  
27 at risk for suffering harmful effects from it including but not limited to partial or complete loss  
28 of mobility, loss of range of motion, as well as other severe and personal injuries which are

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1 permanent and lasting in nature, physical pain and mental anguish, including diminished  
2 enjoyment of life, as well as the need for a revision surgery to replace the device with the  
3 attendant risks of complications and death from such further surgery.

4 42. The negligence of Defendants, their agents, servants, and/or employees, included  
5 but was not limited to the following acts and/or omissions:

6 a. Negligently designing the Pinnacle Device in a manner which was  
7 dangerous to those individuals who had the device surgically implanted;

8 b. Designing, manufacturing, producing, creating, and/or promoting the  
9 Pinnacle Device without adequately, sufficiently, or thoroughly testing it;

10 c. Not conducting sufficient testing programs to determine whether or not the  
11 aforesaid Pinnacle Device was safe for use;

12 d. Defendants herein knew or should have known that Pinnacle Device was  
13 unsafe and unfit for use by reason of the dangers to its users;

14 e. Selling the Pinnacle Device without making proper and sufficient tests to  
15 determine the dangers to its users;

16 f. Negligently failing to adequately and correctly warn Plaintiff or their  
17 physicians, hospitals and/or healthcare providers of the dangers of Pinnacle Device;

18 g. Negligently failing to recall their dangerous and defective Pinnacle Device  
19 at the earliest date that it became known that the device was, in fact, dangerous and defective;

20 h. Failing to provide adequate instructions regarding safety precautions to be  
21 observed by surgeons who would reasonably and foreseeably come into contact with, and more  
22 particularly, implant the Pinnacle Device into their patients;

23 i. Negligently advertising and recommending the use of the Pinnacle Device  
24 despite the fact that Defendants knew or should have known of its dangerous propensities;

25 j. Negligently representing that the Pinnacle Device offered was safe for use  
26 for its intended purpose, when, in fact, it was unsafe;

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k. Negligently manufacturing the Pinnacle Device in a manner which was dangerous to those individuals who had it implanted;

- l. Negligently producing the Pinnacle Device in a manner which was dangerous to those individuals who had it implanted;

m. Negligently assembling the Pinnacle Device in a manner which was dangerous to those individuals who had it implanted;

n. Defendants under-reported, underestimated and downplayed the serious danger of the Pinnacle Device.

43. Defendants were negligent in the designing, researching, supplying, manufacturing, promoting, packaging, distributing, testing, advertising, warning, marketing and sale of the Pinnacle Device in that they:

a. Failed to use due care in designing and manufacturing the Pinnacle Device so as to avoid the aforementioned risks to individuals that had the devices surgically implanted;

b. Failed to accompany their product with proper warnings;

c. Failed to accompany their product with proper instructions for use;

d. Failed to conduct adequate testing, including pre-clinical and clinic

d. Failed to conduct adequate testing, including pre-clinical and clinical

testing and post-marketing surveillance to determine the safety of the Pinnacle Device; and

e. Were otherwise careless and/or negligent.

44. Despite the fact that Defendants knew or should have known that the Pinnacle Device caused harm to individuals that had the device surgically implanted, Defendants continued to market, manufacture, distribute and/or sell the Pinnacle Device.

45. Defendants knew or should have known that consumers such as Plaintiff would suffer foreseeable injury, and/or be at increased risk of suffering injury as a result of Defendants' failure to exercise ordinary care, as set forth above.

46. Defendants' negligence was the proximate cause of Plaintiff's physical, mental and emotional injuries and harm, and economic loss which she has suffered and/or will continue to suffer.

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47. By reason of the foregoing, Plaintiff experienced and/or will experience severe harmful effects including but not limited to partial or complete loss of mobility, loss of range of motion, as well as other severe and personal injuries which are permanent and lasting in nature, physical pain and mental anguish, including diminished enjoyment of life, as well as the need for a revision surgery to replace the device with the attendant risks of complications and death from such further surgery.

48. Further, as a result of the foregoing acts and omissions, Plaintiff suffered a loss of wages and will in the future suffer a diminished capacity to earn wages.

49. In performing the foregoing acts and omissions, Defendants acted despicably, fraudulently, and with malice and oppression so as to justify an award of punitive and exemplary damages.

## **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

## STRICT PRODUCTS LIABILITY (MANUFACTURING DEFECT)

(Against All Defendants)

50. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and further allege as follows:

51. Defendants designed, manufactured, tested, marketed and distributed into the stream of commerce the Pinnacle Device.

52. The Pinnacle Device that was surgically implanted in Plaintiff was defective in its manufacture when it left the hands of Defendants in that it deviated from product specifications, posing a serious risk that it could fail early in patients therefore giving rise to physical injury, pain and suffering, debilitation, and the need for a revision surgery to replace the device with the attendant risks of complications and death from such further surgery.

53. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' placement of the defective Pinnacle Device into the stream of commerce, Plaintiff experienced and/or will experience severe harmful effects including but not limited to partial or complete loss of mobility, loss of range of motion, as well as other severe and personal injuries which are permanent and lasting

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1 in nature, physical pain and mental anguish, including diminished enjoyment of life, as well as  
2 the need for a revision surgery to replace the device with the attendant risks of complications  
3 and death from such further surgery.

4 54. Further, as a result of the foregoing acts and omissions, Plaintiff suffered a loss  
5 of wages and will in the future suffer a diminished capacity to earn wages.

6 55. In performing the foregoing acts and omissions, Defendants acted despicably,  
7 fraudulently, and with malice and oppression so as to justify an award of punitive and  
8 exemplary damages.

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10 **THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION**

11 **STRICT PRODUCTS LIABILITY (DESIGN DEFECT)**  
12 **(Against All Defendants)**

13 56. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every  
14 allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and further allege as follows:

15 57. At all times herein mentioned, Defendants designed, researched, manufactured,  
16 tested, advertised, promoted, marketed, sold, and/or distributed the Pinnacle Device as  
17 hereinabove described that was surgically implanted in Plaintiff.

18 58. At all times herein mentioned, the Pinnacle Device designed, researched,  
19 manufactured, tested, advertised, promoted, marketed, sold and/or distributed by Defendants  
20 was in an unsafe, defective, and inherently dangerous condition, which was dangerous to users  
21 such as Plaintiff that had the device surgically implanted.

22 59. At all times herein mentioned, the Pinnacle Device designed, researched,  
23 manufactured, tested, advertised, promoted, marketed, sold and/or distributed by Defendants  
24 was in an unsafe, defective, and inherently dangerous condition at the time it left Defendants'  
25 possession.

26 60. At all times herein mentioned, the Pinnacle Device was expected to and did  
27 reach the usual consumers, handlers, and persons coming into contact with said product without  
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1 substantial change in the condition in which it was designed, produced, manufactured, sold,  
2 distributed, and marketed by Defendants.

3 61. At all times herein mentioned, the Pinnacle Device's unsafe, defective, and  
4 inherently dangerous condition was a cause of injury to Plaintiff.

5 62. At all times herein mentioned, the Pinnacle Device failed to perform as safely as  
6 an ordinary consumer would expect when used in an intended or reasonably foreseeable  
7 manner.

8 63. Plaintiff's injuries resulted from use of the Pinnacle Device that was both  
9 intended and reasonably foreseeable by Defendants.

10 64. At all times herein mentioned, the Pinnacle Device posed a risk of danger  
11 inherent in the design which outweighed the benefits of that design.

12 65. At all times herein mentioned, the Pinnacle Device was defective and unsafe, and  
13 Defendants knew or had reason to know that said product was defective and unsafe, especially  
14 when used in the form and manner as provided by Defendants.

15 66. Defendants knew, or should have known, that at all times herein mentioned that  
16 the Pinnacle Device was in a defective condition, and was and is inherently dangerous and  
17 unsafe.

18 67. At the time of the implantation of the Pinnacle Device into Plaintiff, the  
19 aforesaid product was being used for the purposes and in a manner normally intended, namely  
20 for use as a hip replacement device.

21 68. Defendants, with this knowledge, voluntarily designed their Pinnacle Device in a  
22 dangerous condition for use by the public and, in particular, Plaintiff.

23 69. Defendants had a duty to create a product that was not unreasonably dangerous  
24 for its normal, intended use.

25 70. Defendants designed, researched, manufactured, tested, advertised, promoted,  
26 marketed, sold and distributed a defective product which, when used in its intended or  
27 reasonably foreseeable manner, created an unreasonable risk to the health of consumers and to  
28

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Plaintiff, in particular, and Defendants are therefore strictly liable for the injuries sustained by Plaintiff.

71. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' placement of the defective Pinnacle Device into the stream of commerce, Plaintiff experienced and/or will experience severe harmful effects including but not limited to partial or complete loss of mobility, loss of range of motion, as well as other severe and personal injuries which are permanent and lasting in nature, physical pain and mental anguish, including diminished enjoyment of life, as well as the need for a revision surgery to replace the device with the attendant risks of complications and death from such further surgery.

72. Further, as a result of the foregoing acts and omissions, Plaintiff suffered a loss of wages and will in the future suffer a diminished capacity to earn wages.

73. In performing the foregoing acts and omissions, Defendants acted despicably, fraudulently, and with malice and oppression so as to justify an award of punitive and exemplary damages.

## **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

## **STRICT PRODUCTS LIABILITY (INADEQUATE WARNING)**

**(Against All Defendants)**

74. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and further allege as follows:

75. Defendants designed, manufactured, tested, marketed and distributed into the stream of commerce the Pinnacle Device.

76. The Pinnacle Device placed into the stream of commerce by Defendants was defective due to inadequate warning, because Defendants knew or should have known that the Pinnacle Device could fail early in patients therefore give rise to physical injury, pain and suffering, debilitation, and the need for a revision surgery to replace the device with the attendant risks of complications and death from such further surgery, but failed to give consumers adequate warning of such risks. Further, the Pinnacle Device placed into the stream

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1 of commerce by Defendants was surgically implanted in a manner reasonably anticipated by  
2 Defendants.

3 77. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' placement of the defective  
4 Pinnacle Device into the stream of commerce, Plaintiff experienced and/or will experience  
5 severe harmful effects including but not limited to partial or complete loss of mobility, loss of  
6 range of motion, as well as other severe and personal injuries which are permanent and lasting  
7 in nature, physical pain and mental anguish, including diminished enjoyment of life, as well as  
8 the need for a revision surgery to replace the device with the attendant risks of complications  
9 and death from such further surgery.

10 78. Further, as a result of the foregoing acts and omissions, Plaintiff suffered a loss  
11 of wages and will in the future suffer a diminished capacity to earn wages.

12 79. In performing the foregoing acts and omissions, Defendants acted despicably,  
13 fraudulently, and with malice and oppression so as to justify an award of punitive and  
14 exemplary damages.

15  
16 **FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

17 **BREACH OF EXPRESS WARRANTY**

18 **(Against All Defendants)**

19 80. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every  
20 allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and further allege as follows:

21 81. Defendants designed, manufactured, tested, marketed and distributed into the  
22 stream of commerce the Pinnacle Device.

23 82. Defendants expressly warranted that the Pinnacle Device was a safe and effective  
24 hip replacement system.

25 83. The Pinnacle Device placed into the stream of commerce by Defendants did not  
26 conform to these express representations because they failed early thereby giving rise to  
27 unnecessary physical injury, pain and suffering, debilitation, and the need for a revision surgery  
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to replace the device with the attendant risks of complications and death from such further surgery.

84. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breach of express warranties regarding the safety and effectiveness of the Pinnacle Device, Plaintiff has suffered significant damages, including but not limited to physical injury, economic loss, pain and suffering, and the need for further surgery to replace the faulty device, and will continue to suffer such damages in the future.

85. In taking the actions and omissions that caused these damages, Defendants were guilty of malice, oppression and fraud, and Plaintiff is therefore entitled to recover punitive damages.

## **SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

# **BREACH OF IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY**

## **(Against All Defendants)**

86. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and further allege as follows:

87. Defendants designed, manufactured, tested, marketed and distributed into the stream of commerce the Pinnacle Device.

88. At the time Defendants designed, manufactured, tested, marketed and distributed into the stream of commerce the Pinnacle Device, Defendants knew the use for which the Pinnacle Device was intended, and impliedly warranted the Pinnacle Device to be of merchantable quality and safe for such use.

89. Plaintiff reasonably relied upon the skill and judgment of Defendants as to whether the Pinnacle Device was of merchantable quality and safe for its intended use.

90. Contrary to Defendants' implied warranties, the Pinnacle Device was not of merchantable quality or safe for its intended use, because the Pinnacle Device was unreasonably dangerous as described above.

91. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' breach of implied warranties regarding the safety and effectiveness of the Pinnacle Device, Plaintiff has suffered significant damages, including but not limited to physical injury, economic loss, pain and suffering, and the need for further surgery to replace the faulty device, and will continue to suffer such damages in the future.

92. In taking the actions and omissions that caused these damages, Defendants were guilty of malice, oppression and fraud, and Plaintiff is therefore entitled to recover punitive damages.

## **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

## NEGLIGENCE MISREPRESENTATION

(Against All Defendants)

93. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and further allege as follows:

94. The Defendants supplied false information to the public, to Plaintiff and to his physicians regarding the high-quality, safety and effectiveness of the Pinnacle Device. Defendants provided this false information to induce the public, Plaintiff and his physicians to purchase and implant a Pinnacle Device.

95. The Defendants knew or should have known that the information they supplied regarding the purported high-quality, safety and effectiveness of the implant to induce Plaintiff and his physicians to purchase and use a Pinnacle Device was false.

96. The Defendants were negligent in obtaining or communicating false information regarding the purported high-quality, safety and effectiveness of the Pinnacle Device.

97. Plaintiff and his physicians relied on the false information supplied by the Defendants to his detriment by causing the Pinnacle Device to be purchased and implanted in Plaintiff.

98. Plaintiff and his physicians were justified in their reliance on the false information supplied by the Defendants regarding the purported high-quality, safety and effectiveness of the Pinnacle Device.

99. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' negligent misrepresentations, Plaintiff has suffered significant damages, including but not limited to permanent physical injury, economic loss, pain and suffering and the need revision surgery to repair the physical damage to Plaintiff caused by the Pinnacle Device.

## **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

## FRAUD

(Against All Defendants)

100. Plaintiff incorporates by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs and further allege as follows:

101. Defendants made representations to Plaintiff and his physicians that their Pinnacle Device is a high-quality, safe and effective hip replacement system.

102. Before they marketed the Pinnacle Device that was implanted in Plaintiff, Defendants knew or should have known of the unreasonable dangers and serious health risks that such a metal-on-metal total hip replacement system posed to patients like Plaintiff.

103. As specifically described in detail above, Defendants knew that the Pinnacle Device subjected patients to early failure, painful and harmful physical reactions to toxic metallic particles and ions, death of tissue, bone loss and the need for explants and revision surgery.

104. Defendants' representations to Plaintiff and his physicians that their Pinnacle Device is high-quality, safe and effective were false.

105. Defendants concealed their knowledge of the unreasonable risks and dangers associated with the use of the Pinnacle Device to induce Plaintiff and many thousands of others to purchase the system for surgical implantation in their bodies.

106. Neither Plaintiff nor his physicians knew of the falsity of Defendants' statements regarding the Pinnacle Device.

## Complaint for Damages

107. Plaintiff and his physicians relied upon and accepted as truthful Defendants' representations regarding the Pinnacle Device.

108. Plaintiff and his physicians had a right to rely on Defendants' representations and in fact did rely upon such representations. Had Plaintiff known that the Pinnacle Device would fail early and expose her to the unreasonable risk of toxic metals, metallosis, and multiple revision surgeries his would not have purchased or allowed the Pinnacle Device to have been surgically implanted in Plaintiff.

109. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' fraudulent representations, Plaintiff has suffered significant damages, including but not limited to permanent physical injury, economic loss, pain and suffering and the need for multiple surgeries to repair the physical damage to Plaintiff caused by the Pinnacle Device.

## **PRAAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for the following relief:

A. Judgment in favor of Plaintiff and against all Defendants, for damages in such amounts as may be proven at trial;

B. Compensation for both economic and non-economic losses, including but not limited to medical expenses, loss of earnings, disfigurement, pain and suffering, mental anguish and emotional distress, in such amounts as may be proven at trial;

C. Punitive and/or exemplary damages in such amounts as may be proven at trial;

D. Attorneys' fees and costs;

E. Pre- and post-judgment interest; and

F. Any and all further relief, both legal and equitable, that the Court may deem just

and proper.

Dated: July 26, 2012

## Complaint for Damages

